(v) *Prior Related Cases, if any:* FMS case YAD–\$23M–24Jan13

(vi) Sales Commission, Fee, etc., Paid, Offered, or Agreed to be Paid: None

(vii) Sensitivity of Technology Contained in the Defense Article or

Defense Services Proposed to be Sold: See Attached Annex

(viii) *Date Report Delivered to Congress:* 02 DEC 2015

* As defined in Section 47(6) of the Arms Export Control Act.

POLICY JUSTIFICATION

Turkey—Joint Directed Attack Munitions (JDAM)

The Government of Turkey has requested a possible sale of Joint Direct Attack Munition (JDAM) tail kits comprised of 400 GBU-31(V)1 for use with Mk84 bombs, 200 GBU-31(V)3 for use with BLU-109 bombs, 300 GBU-38 for use with Mk82 bombs, 100 GBU-54 Laser JDAM kits for use with Mk82 bombs, 200 BLU-109 Hard Target Penetrator Warheads, and 1000 FMU-152A/B fuzes. Non-MDE includes containers, support equipment, spare and repair parts, integration, test equipment, publications and technical documentation, personnel training and training equipment, U.S. Government and contractor engineering and technical support, and other related elements of logistics support. The estimated cost is \$70 million.

Turkey is a partner of the United States in ensuring peace and stability in the region. It is vital to the U.S. national interest to assist our NATO ally in developing and maintaining a strong and ready self-defense capability. This proposed sale is consistent with those objectives.

This sale will enhance the Turkish Air Force's ability to defend and provides a capability to contribute to future NATO operations. The proven reliability and compatibility of likesystems will foster increased interoperability between NATO and U.S. forces, and expand regional defenses to counter common threats to air, border, and shipping assets in the region. Turkey will have no difficulty absorbing these additional munitions into its armed forces.

The proposed sale of this equipment and support will not alter the basic military balance in the region.

The principal contractor will be the Boeing Company of St. Charles, Missouri. Any offset agreement will be defined in negotiations between the purchaser and the contractor.

The number of U.S. government and contractor representatives to support this program will be determined during negotiations with the Government of Turkey.

There will be no adverse impact on U.S. defense readiness as a result of this proposed sale.

Transmittal No. 14-01

Notice of Proposed Issuance of Letter of Offer Pursuant to Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act

Annex

Item No. vii

(vii) Sensitivity of Technology 1. The Joint Direct Attack Munition (JDAM) is a guidance kit that converts free-fall bombs into precision-guided munitions. By adding a new tail section containing Inertial Navigation System (INS)/Global Positioning System (GPS) guidance to existing bombs, the costeffective JDAM provides highly accurate weapon delivery in any flyable weather. The INS, using updates from the GPS, guides the bomb to the target via the use of movable tail fins. With the addition of a laser guidance nose kit, the JDAM is capable of engaging moving targets. The JDAM all-up-round (AUR) is Unclassified; technical data for JDAM is classified up to Secret.

2. The GBU-31(v)1 is a 2000 pound class JDAM consisting of a JDAM tail kit, a Mk-84 warhead, and one of three fuze types: FMU-139, FMU-143, or FMU-152. A DSU-33 sensor can be added to the nose well of the weapon to give the GBU-31(v)1 JDAM AUR a height of burst (HOB) fusing option.

3. The GBU–31(v)3 is a 2000 pound class JDAM consisting of a JDAM tail kit, a BLU–109 hard target penetrator warhead, and one of three fuze types: FMU–139, FMU–143, or FMU–152.

4. The GBU–38 is a 500 pound class JDAM consisting of a JDAM tail kit, a Mk-82 warhead, and one of two fuze types: FMU–139 or FMU–152. A DSU– 33 sensor can be added to the nose well of the weapon to give the GBU–38 JDAM AUR a HOB fusing option.

5. The GBU–54 is a 500 pound class JDAM consisting of a JDAM tail kit, a Mk-82 warhead, and one of two fuze types: FMU–139 or FMU–152. A DSU– 38/B adds a Precision Laser Guidance Set (PLGS) to the GBU–54 JDAM AUR, giving the weapon system optional semi-active laser guidance in addition to its current GPS/INS guidance.

6. If a technologically advanced adversary were to obtain knowledge of the specific hardware and software elements, the information could be used to develop countermeasures that might reduce weapon system effectiveness or be used in the development of a system with similar or advanced capabilities.

7. A determination has been made that the recipient country can provide the same degree of protection for the sensitive technology being released as the U.S. Government. This sale is necessary in furtherance of the U.S. foreign policy and national security objectives outlined in the Policy Justification.

8. All defense articles and services listed in this transmittal have been authorized for release and export to the Government of Turkey.

[FR Doc. 2015–33251 Filed 1–5–16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–06–P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Office of the Secretary

[Transmittal No. 16-03]

36(b)(1) Arms Sales Notification

AGENCY: Department of Defense, Defense Security Cooperation Agency.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Defense is publishing the unclassified text of a section 36(b)(1) arms sales notification. This is published to fulfill the requirements of section 155 of Public Law 104–164 dated July 21, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sarah A. Ragan or Heather N. Harwell, DSCA/LMO, (703) 604–1546/(703) 607– 5339.

The following is a copy of a letter to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, Transmittal 16–03 with attached Policy Justification and Sensitivity of Technology.

Dated: December 31, 2015.

Aaron Siegel,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense. BILLING CODE 5001-06-P



DEFENSE SECURITY COOPERATION AGENCY 201 12TH STREET SOUTH, STE 203 ARLINGTON, VA 22202-5406

The Honorable Paul D. Ryan Speaker of the House U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

NOV 10 2015

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Pursuant to the reporting requirements of Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control

Act, as amended, we are forwarding herewith Transmittal No. 16-03, concerning the Department

of the Air Force's proposed Letter(s) of Offer and Acceptance to the Government of France for

defense articles and services estimated to cost \$650 million. After this letter is delivered to your

office, we plan to issue a news release to notify the public of this proposed sale.

Sincerely,

I. W. Rixey Vice Admiral, USN

Director

Enclosures:

- 1. Transmittal
- 2. Policy Justification
- 3. Sensitivity of Technology



BILLING CODE 5001-06-C

Transmittal No. 16-03

Notice of Proposed Issuance of Letter of Offer Pursuant to Section 36(b)(l) of the Arms Export Control Act, as amended

(i) *Prospective Purchaser:* Government of France

(ii) Total Estimated Value:

Major Defense Equipment*	\$355 million
Other	\$295 million
TOTAL	\$650 million

(iii) Description and Quantity or Quantities of Articles or Services under Consideration for Purchase:

Major Defense Equipment (MDE):

Two (2) C–130J aircraft with Rolls Royce AE–2100D Turboprop Engines

Two (2) KC–130J aircraft with Rolls Royce AE–2100D Turboprop Engines

Four (4) Rolls Royce AE–2100D Turboprop Engines (spares)

Non-Major Defense Equipment (Non-MDE):

- Six (6) AN/ALE 47 Electronic Countermeasure Dispensers (1 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)
- Six (6) AN/AAR–47A(V)2 Missile Warning Systems (1 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)
- Six (6) AN/ALR–56M Radar Warning Receivers (1 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)
- Ten (10) Embedded Global Positioning/ Inertial Navigation Systems (2 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)

Ten (10) AN/ARC–210 Radios (2 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)

Ten (10) AN/ARC-164 UHF/VF Radios (2 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)

Two (2) HF Voice Radios

Ten (10) KY–100 Secure Voice Terminals (2 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)

Ten (10) KYV–5 Secure Voice Equipment Units (2 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)

Also provided are support and test equipment; publications and technical documentation; personnel training and training equipment; U.S. Government and contractor engineering, technical, and logistics support services; and other related elements of logistical and program support.

(iv) *Military Department:* Air Force (SAE)

(v) Prior Related Cases, if any: None (vi) Sales Commission, Fee, etc., Paid, Offered, or Agreed to be Paid: None

(vii) Sensitivity of Technology Contained in the Defense Article or Defense Services Proposed to be Sold: See Attached Annex

(viii) Date Report Delivered to Congress: 10 NOV 2015

*Ās defined in Section 47(6) of the Arms Export Control Act.

POLICY JUSTIFICATION

France—C-130J aircraft

The Government of France has requested a possible sale of:

Major Defense Equipment (MDE):

- Two (2) C- 130J aircraft with Rolls Royce AE–2100D Turboprop Engines
- Two (2) KC–130J aircraft with Rolls Royce AE–2100D Turboprop Engines
- Four (4) Rolls Royce AE–2100D Turboprop Engines (spares)
- Non-Major Defense Equipment (Non-MDE):
- Six (6) AN/ALE 47 Electronic Countermeasure Dispensers (1 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)
- Six (6) AN/AAR–47A(V)2 Missile Warning Systems (1 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)
- Six (6) AN/ALR–56M Radar Warning Receivers (1 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)
- Ten (10) Embedded Global Positioning/ Inertial Navigation Systems (2 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)
- Ten (10) AN/ARC–210 Radios (2 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)
- Ten (10) AN/ARC-164 UHF/VF Radios (2 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)
- Two (2) HF Voice Radios
- Ten (10) KY–100 Secure Voice Terminals (2 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)
- Ten (10) KYV–5 Secure Voice Equipment Units (2 per aircraft, plus 2 spares)

Also provided are support and test equipment; publications and technical documentation; personnel training and training equipment; U.S. Government and contractor engineering, technical, and logistics support services; and other related elements of logistical and program support. The estimated MDE value is \$355 million. The total overall estimated value is \$650 million.

This proposed sale will contribute to the foreign policy and national security of the United States by improving the capability of a NATO ally. It is vital to U.S. national interests to assist the French Air Force to increase its airlift, air refueling, and air drop capabilities. These aircraft will provide these capabilities and will be used to support national, NATO, United Nations, and other coalition operations. Providing these aircraft to the French Air Force will greatly increase interoperability between the U.S. Air Force and the French Air Force, as well as other NATO allies.

The C–130Js will provide critical transport, airdrop, and resupply to thousands of French troops in support of current and future operations. The KC–130Js will provide crucial air refueling capability to France's fighter aircraft, light transport aircraft, and helicopters. France will have no difficulty absorbing these aircraft into its armed forces.

The proposed sale of this equipment and support will not alter the basic military balance in the region.

France requests that Lockheed Martin be the sole source provider for the C– 130J aircraft. There are no known offset agreements proposed in connection with this potential sale.

Implementation of this proposed sale may require multiple trips for U.S. contractor representatives to France and potentially to deployed locations to provide initial launch, recovery, and maintenance support.

Transmittal No. 16–03

Notice of Proposed Issuance of Letter of Offer Pursuant to Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act

Annex

Item No. vii

(vii) Sensitivity of Technology: 1. The AN/ALE–47 Counter-Measures Dispensing System (CMDS) is an integrated, threat-adaptive, softwareprogrammable dispensing system capable of dispensing chaff, flares, and active radio frequency expendables. The threats countered by the CMDS include radar-directed anti-aircraft artillery (AAA), radar command-guided missiles, radar homing guided missiles, and infrared (IR) guided missiles. The system is internally mounted and may be operated as a stand-alone system or may be integrated with other on-board Electronic Warfare and avionics systems. The AN/ALE–47 uses threat data received over the aircraft interfaces to assess the threat situation and to determine a response. Expendable routines tailored to the immediate aircraft and threat environment may be dispensed using one of four operational modes. Hardware is UNCLASSIFIED. Technical data to include threat information files and documentation to be provided could be classified up to SECRET.

2. The AN/AAR–47 missile warning system is a small, lightweight, passive, electro-optic, threat warning device used to detect surface-to-air missiles fired at helicopters and low-flying fixedwing aircraft and automatically provide countermeasures, as well as audio and visual-sector warning messages to the aircrew. The basic system consists of multiple Optical Sensor Converter (OSC) units, a Computer Processor (CP) and a Control Indicator (Cl). The set of OSC units, which normally consist of four, is mounted on the aircraft exterior to provide omni-directional protection. The OSC detects the rocket plume of missiles and sends appropriate signals to the CP for processing. The CP analyses the data from each OSC and automatically deploys the appropriate countermeasures. The CI displays the incoming direction of the threat, so that the pilot can take appropriate action. Hardware is UNCLASSIFIED. Technical data to include threat information files and documentation to be provided could be classified up to SECRET.

3. The AN/ALR–56M Advanced Radar Warning Receiver continuously detects and intercepts RF signals in certain frequency ranges and analyzes and separates threat signals from non-threat signals. It contributes to fulldimensional protection by providing individual aircraft probability of survival through improved aircrew situational awareness of the radar guided threat environment. The AN/ ALR–56M is designed to provide improved performance in a dense signal environment and improved detection of modem threats signals. Hardware is UNCLASSIFIED. Technical data to include threat information files and documentation to be provided could be classified up to SECRET.

4. The AN/ARC–210 multi-mode integrated communications system family offers a two-way secure, jamresistant, voice and data communications via line-of-sight or satellite communications links in the very high frequency (VHF) and ultrahigh frequency (UHF) spectrum. The RT1794C provides frequency hopping (HAVE QUICK I/II), Single Channel Ground and Airborne Radio Systems (SINCGARS), and embedded COMSEC products. The RT–1556 transceiver is capable of establishing two-way communication links within tactical aircraft environments. The ARC–210 can be tailored for integration on many user platforms and its modular architecture enables addition of specific capabilities depending on user's needs. Hardware is UNCLASSIFIED. Technical data and documentation to be provided is UNCLASSIFIED.

5. The AN/ARC–164 is a modular, slice-constructed, solid-state, 10W UHF transmitter/receiver. It is standard equipment for the U.S. Air Force and U.S. Army with alternative console/ panel mounts for each service, the RT-1168 and RT-1167 respectively. As well as MIL-STD-1553B and Have-Quick II, the latest AN/ARC-164 radios feature ANVIS Green A front panel lighting and an electronic fill port. The current AN/ ARC-164 system is an F3 (Form, Fit, Function) replacement for older AN/ ARC-164 systems and obsolete UHF radios such as the AN/ARC-51. This F3 replacement option eliminates platform Group A modification costs. Hardware is UNCLASSIFIED. Technical data and documentation to be provided is UNCLASSIFIED.

6. KYV-5 COMSEC Module and the Split Remote Control Unit (SRCU) provide narrowband secure voice and data capability and perform all COMSEC, operator control and indication functions. Designed to secure Naval and Joint Service narrowband half-duplex communications over HF, VHF, and UHF SATCOM radios. A SRCU is available for applications where the front panel controls are not accessible. This may include the FYV-5M variant, to remain up to date and interoperable with the most current NATO standard at the time of aircraft delivery. Hardware is UNCLASSIFIED. Technical data and documentation to be provided is SECRET.

The Advanced Narrowband Digital Voice Terminal (ANDVT) AIRTERM KY–100 is a piece of secure, tactical airborne terminal which provides secure transmission of voice and data over narrowband radio systems and provides an additional capability for transmission over wideband systems. AIRTERM is the airborne version of the MINTERM and is fully interoperable with the ANDVT family of equipment (MINTERM, KY-99A TACTERM AN/ USC-43) and also with the VINSON (KY-57/58) equipment. This may include the KY-100M variant, to remain up to date and interoperable with the

most current NATO standard at time of aircraft delivery. Hardware is UNCLASSIFIED. Technical data and documentation to be provided is SECRET.

8. If a technologically advanced adversary were to obtain knowledge of the specific hardware and software elements, the information could be used to develop countermeasures that might reduce weapon system effectiveness or be used in the development of a system with similar or advanced capabilities.

9. A determination has been made that the Government of France can provide substantially the same degree of protection for the sensitive technology being released as the United States Government. This sale is necessary in furtherance of the United States foreign policy and national security objectives outlined in the Policy Justification.

10. All defense articles and services listed in this transmittal have been authorized for release and export to the Government of France.

[FR Doc. 2015–33265 Filed 1–5–16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–06–P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Office of the Secretary

Judicial Proceedings Since Fiscal Year 2012 Amendments Panel (Judicial Proceedings Panel); Notice of Federal Advisory Committee Meeting

AGENCY: Department of Defense. **ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: The Department of Defense is publishing this notice to announce the following Federal Advisory Committee meeting of the Judicial Proceedings since Fiscal Year 2012 Amendments Panel ("the Judicial Proceedings Panel" or "the Panel"). The meeting is open to the public.

DATES: A meeting of the Judicial Proceedings Panel will be held on Friday, January 22, 2016. The Public Session will begin at 9:00 a.m. and end at 4:45 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The Holiday Inn Arlington at Ballston, 4610 N. Fairfax Drive, Arlington, Virginia 22203.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Julie Carson, Judicial Proceedings Panel, One Liberty Center, 875 N. Randolph Street, Suite 150, Arlington, VA 22203. Email: *whs.pentagon.em.mbx.judicialpanel@mail.mil*. Phone: (703) 693–3849. Web site: *http://jpp.whs.mil*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This public meeting is being held under the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act of 1972 (5 U.S.C.,

Appendix, as amended), the Government in the Sunshine Act of 1976 (5 U.S.C. 552b, as amended), and 41 CFR 102–3.150.

Purpose of the Meeting: In Section 576(a)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Pub. L. 112-239), as amended, Congress tasked the Judicial Proceedings Panel to conduct an independent review and assessment of judicial proceedings conducted under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) involving adult sexual assault and related offenses since the amendments made to the UCMJ by section 541 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (Pub. L. 112-81; 125 Stat. 1404), for the purpose of developing recommendations for improvements to such proceedings. At this meeting, the Panel will deliberate on topics to be included in its upcoming annual report to Congress and the Secretary of Defense. The Panel will also hear presentations and analysis regarding indicators, trends, and patterns for military justice case data for sexual assault offenses from 2012 to 2014. The Panel is interested in written and oral comments from the public, including non-governmental organizations, relevant to these issues or any of the Panel's tasks.

Agenda

- 9:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m. Panel Deliberations on Annual Report: Article 120, Retaliation, and
- Restitution & Compensation (Public meeting begins)
- 12:00 p.m.–1:00 p.m. Lunch
- 1:00 p.m.–4:30 p.m. Review of Military Justice Case Data for Sexual Assault Offenses: Presentations & Analysis from Dr. Cassia Spohn & JPP Staff

4:30 p.m.–4:45 p.m. Public Comment Availability of Materials for the

Meeting: A copy of the January 22, 2016 public meeting agenda or any updates or changes to the agenda, to include individual speakers not identified at the time of this notice, as well as other materials provided to Panel members for use at the public meeting, may be obtained at the meeting or from the Panel's Web site at http://jpp.whs.mil.

Public's Accessibility to the Meeting: Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552b and 41 CFR 102–3.140 through 102–3.165, and the availability of space, this meeting is open to the public. Seating is limited and is on a first-come basis.

Special Accommodations: Individuals requiring special accommodations to access the public meeting should contact the Judicial Proceedings Panel at whs.pentagon.em.mbx.judicial-panel@