

ADDRESSES: Copies of the subject form and the request for review submitted to OMB may be obtained from the Agency Submitting Officer. Comments on the form should be submitted to the OMB Reviewer.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

OPIC Agency Submitting Officer:
Bruce I. Campbell, Records Management Officer, Overseas Private Investment Corporation, 1100 New York Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20527; 202/336-8563.

OMB Reviewer: David Rostker, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Docket Library, Room 10102, 725 17th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20503, 202/395-3897.

Summary of Form Under Review

Type of Request: Reinstatement, with change, of a previously approved collection for which approval is pending emergency extension.

Title: Application for Financing.

Form Number: OPIC-115.

Frequency of Use: One year investor, per project.

Type of Respondents: Business or other institutions (except farms); individuals.

Standard Industrial Classification Codes: All.

Description of Affected Public: U.S. companies or citizens investing overseas.

Reporting Hours: 3.5 hours per project.

Number of Responses: 300 per year.

Federal Cost: \$15,750 per year.

Authority for Information Collection: Sections 231 and 234 (b) and (c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended.

Abstract (Needs and Uses): The OPIC 129 form is the principal document used by OPIC to determine the investor's and project's eligibility, assess the environmental impact and developmental effects of the project, measure the economic effects for the United States and the host country economy, and collect information for underwriting analysis.

Dated: May 29, 2003.

Eli Landy,

*Senior Counsel, Administrative Affairs,
Department of Legal Affairs.*

[FR Doc. 03-13863 Filed 6-2-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3210-01-M

PRESIDIO TRUST

Notice of Public Meeting

AGENCY: The Presidio Trust.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with section (c)(6) of the Presidio Trust Act, 16 U.S.C. 460bb note, Title I of Pub. L. 104-333, 110 Stat. 4097, and in accordance with the Presidio Trust's bylaws, notice is hereby given that a public meeting of the Presidio Trust Board of Directors will be held from 6 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. on Tuesday, June 17, 2003, at the Officers' Club, 50 Moraga Avenue, Presidio of San Francisco, California. The Presidio Trust was created by Congress in 1996 to manage approximately eighty percent of the former U.S. Army base known as the Presidio, in San Francisco, California.

The purposes of this meeting are to: (1) Provide the Executive Director's report regarding the status of the Public Health Service Hospital, the status of the Main Parade Ground, and the status of the environmental remediation program; (2) consider staff's recommendation for revisions to the Presidio Trails Plan in response to public comment and a finding of no significant impact (action item); and (3) provide a report on the status of Crissy Field.

TIME: The meeting will be held from 6 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. on Tuesday, June 17, 2003.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the Officers' Club, 50 Moraga Avenue, Presidio of San Francisco.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Karen Cook, General Counsel, the Presidio Trust, 34 Graham Street, P.O. Box 29052, San Francisco, California 94129-0052, Telephone: (415) 561-5300.

Dated: May 29, 2003.

Karen A. Cook,

General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 03-13972 Filed 5-30-03; 10:55 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-4R-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. IC-26058; 812-12858]

Diamond Hill Funds, et al.; Notice of Application

May 28, 2003.

AGENCY: Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission").

ACTION: Notice of application for an order under sections 6(c), 12(d)(1)(J), and 17(b) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("Act") for exemptions from sections 12(d)(1)(A) and (B) and 17(a) of the Act, and under section 17(d) of the

Act and rule 17d-1 thereunder to permit certain joint transactions.

Summary of Application: Applicants request an order to permit certain registered open-end management investment companies to invest uninvested cash and cash collateral in one or more affiliated money market funds and/or short-term bond funds.

Applicants: Diamond Hill Funds (the "Trust"), Diamond Hill Capital Management, Inc. ("Diamond Hill"), and Diamond Hill Securities, Inc. ("DHS").

Filing Dates: The application was filed on July 25, 2002 and amended on May 21, 2003.

Hearing or Notification of Hearing: An order granting the application will be issued unless the Commission orders a hearing. Interested persons may request a hearing by writing to the Commission's Secretary and serving applicant with a copy of the request, personally or by mail. Hearing requests should be received by the Commission by 5:30 p.m. on June 23, 2003, and should be accompanied by proof of service on applicant, in the form of an affidavit or, for lawyers, a certificate of service. Hearing requests should state the nature of the writer's interest, the reason for the request, and the issues contested. Persons who wish to be notified of a hearing may request notification by writing to the Commission's Secretary.

ADDRESSES: Secretary, Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549-0609. Applicants: James F. Laird, President, Diamond Hill Funds, 375 North Front Street, Suite 300, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Keith A. Gregory, Senior Counsel, at (202) 942-0611, or Nadya B. Roytblat, Assistant Director, at (202) 942-0564 (Division of Investment Management, Office of Investment Company Regulation).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following is a summary of the application. The complete application may be obtained for a fee at the Commission's Public Reference Branch, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549-0102 (tel. 202-942-8090).

Applicants' Representations

1. The Trust is organized as an Ohio business trust and registered under the Act as an open-end management investment company. The Trust currently consists of six investment portfolios ("Funds"), including Diamond Hill Short Term Fixed Income

Fund ("Short Term Fund").¹ Diamond Hill, a wholly owned subsidiary of Diamond Hill Investment Group, Inc., serves as investment adviser to five of the Funds. DHS, a wholly owned subsidiary of Diamond Hill, serves as investment adviser to the remaining Fund. Diamond Hill and DHS are registered as investment advisers under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

2. Each Fund has, and may be expected to have, uninvested cash in an account at its custodian ("Uninvested Cash"). Uninvested Cash may result from a variety of sources, such as dividends or interest received on portfolio securities, unsettled securities transactions, reserves held for investment purposes, scheduled maturity of investments, proceeds from liquidation of investment securities, dividend payments, or money received from investors. Certain of the Funds may also participate in a securities lending program under which the Fund may lend its portfolio securities to registered broker-dealers or other institutional investors (the "Securities Lending Program"). The loans will be continuously secured by collateral equal at all times to at least the market value of the securities loaned. Collateral for these loans may include cash ("Cash Collateral," and together with Uninvested Cash, "Cash Balances").

3. Applicants request relief to permit certain of the Funds (the "Investing Funds") to use Cash Balances to purchase shares of the Short Term Fund, as well as any future Fund that operates as a money market fund in accordance with rule 2a-7 under the Act (each, a "Money Market Fund" and together with the Short Term Fund, the "Cash Management Funds"), and the Cash Management Funds to sell their shares to, and redeem their shares from, each of the Investing Funds. The Short Term Fund seeks to provide total return consistent with current income and preservation of capital by investing in short- and intermediate-term debt securities and generally will maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity of

three years or less. Investment of Cash Balances in shares of the Cash Management Funds will be made only to the extent consistent with such Investing Fund's investment restrictions and policies as set forth in its prospectus and statement of additional information. Applicants believe that the proposed transactions will result in higher yields, increased investment opportunities, reduced transaction costs, increased returns, reduced administrative burdens, enhanced liquidity, and increased diversification.

Applicants' Legal Analysis

1. Section 12(d)(1)(A) of the Act provides that no registered investment company may acquire securities of another investment company if such securities represent more than 3% of the acquired company's outstanding voting stock, more than 5% of the acquiring company's total assets, or if such securities, together with the securities of other acquired investment companies, represent more than 10% of the acquiring company's total assets. Section 12(d)(1)(B) of the Act provides that no registered open-end investment company may sell its securities to another investment company if the sale will cause the acquiring company to own more than 3% of the acquired company's voting stock, or if the sale will cause more than 10% of the acquired company's voting stock to be owned by investment companies.

2. Section 12(d)(1)(f) of the Act authorizes the Commission to exempt any person, security or transaction (or classes thereof) from any provision of section 12(d)(1) if, and to the extent that, the exemption is consistent with the public interest and the protection of investors. Applicants request an exemption from the provisions of sections 12(d)(1)(A) and (B) to the extent necessary to permit each Investing Fund to invest Cash Balances in the Cash Management Funds.

3. Applicants state that the proposed arrangement would not result in the abuses that section 12(d)(1)(A) and (B) were intended to prevent. Applicants state that because each Cash Management Fund will maintain a highly liquid portfolio, an Investing Fund will not be in a position to gain undue influence over a Cash Management Fund through threat of redemption. Applicants also represent that the proposed arrangement will not result in an inappropriate layering of fees because shares of the Cash Management Funds sold to the Investing Funds will not be subject to a sales load, redemption fee, distribution fee under a plan adopted in accordance with rule

12b-1 under the Act, or service fee (as defined in rule 2830(b)(9) of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD") Conduct Rules) or, if such shares are subject to any such fees, the Adviser will waive its advisory fee for each Investing Fund in an amount that offsets the amount of such fees incurred by the Investing Fund. Applicants state that if a Cash Management Fund offers more than one class of securities, each Investing Fund will invest only in the class with the lowest expense ratio (taking into account the expected impact of the Investing Fund's investment) at the time of the investment. Before the next meeting of the board of trustees (the "Board") of an Investing Fund is held for the purpose of voting on an advisory contract under section 15(a) of the Act, the Adviser to the Investing Fund will provide the Board with specific information regarding the approximate cost to the Adviser of, or portion of the advisory fee attributable to, managing the Uninvested Cash of the Investing Fund that can be expected to be invested in the Cash Management Funds. In connection with approving any advisory contract for an Investing Fund, the Board, including a majority of the trustees who are not "interested persons," as defined in section 2(a)(19) of the Act ("Independent Trustees") will consider to what extent, if any, the advisory fees charged to each Investing Fund by the Adviser should be reduced to account for reduced services provided to the Investing Fund by the Adviser as a result of Uninvested Cash being invested in a Cash Management Fund. Applicants represent that no Cash Management Fund whose shares are held by an Investing Fund will acquire securities of any other investment company in excess of the limitations contained in section 12(d)(1)(A) of the Act.

4. Section 17(a) of the Act makes it unlawful for any affiliated person of a registered investment company, acting as principal, to sell or purchase any security to or from the company. Section 2(a)(3) of the Act defines an "affiliated person" of an investment company to include the investment adviser, any person that owns 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of that company, and any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the investment company. Applicants state that each of the Investing Funds and the Cash Management Funds may be deemed to be under common control, and therefore affiliated persons of each other, because

¹ All investment companies that currently intend to rely on the requested relief have been named as applicants and any existing or future registered open-end management investment company that may rely on the requested relief in the future will do so only in accordance with the terms and conditions of the application. The applicants are also seeking relief for any registered open-end management investment company or series thereof that is currently, or in the future may be, advised by the Adviser, as defined below (included in the term "Funds"). Diamond Hill and DHS and any person controlling, controlled by or under common control with Diamond Hill and/or DHS that currently or in the future serves as investment adviser to a Fund are collectively referred to as the "Adviser."

they have a common Board and a common investment adviser or their investment advisers may be under common control. In addition, applicants submit that because an Investing Fund could acquire 5% or more of the outstanding voting shares of a Cash Management Fund, such Investing Fund might be deemed an affiliated person of the Cash Management Fund.

Accordingly, applicants state that the sale of shares of the Cash Management Fund to the Investing Funds, and the redemption of such shares by the Investing Funds, may be prohibited under section 17(a).

5. Section 17(b) of the Act authorizes the Commission to exempt a proposed transaction from section 17(a) of the Act if the terms of the proposed transaction, including the consideration to be paid or received, are fair and reasonable and do not involve overreaching on the part of any person concerned, the proposed transaction is consistent with the policies of each registered investment company involved, and with the general purposes of the Act. Section 6(c) of the Act provides, in part, that the Commission may exempt any person, security or transaction, or any class or classes of persons, securities or transactions, from any provision of the Act if, and to the extent that such exemption is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and is consistent with the protection of investors and the purposes fairly intended by the policy and provisions of the Act.

6. Applicants submit that their request for relief to permit the purchase and redemption of Cash Management Fund shares by the Investing Funds satisfies the standards of sections 17(b) and 6(c) of the Act. Applicants state that the investment by the Investing Funds in shares of the Cash Management Funds will be on the same terms and on the same basis as any other shareholders, and that the consideration paid and received by the Investing Funds on the sale and redemption of shares of a Cash Management Fund will be based on the Cash Management Fund's net asset value per share. In addition, under the proposed transactions, the Investing Funds will retain their ability to invest their Cash Balances directly in money market instruments or short-term instruments as authorized by their respective investment objectives and policies, if they believe they can obtain a higher rate of return, or for any other reason. Applicants also state that each of the Cash Management Funds reserves the right to discontinue selling shares to any of the Investing Funds if the management of the Cash Management

Fund determines that such sales would adversely affect its portfolio management and operations.

7. Section 17(d) of the Act and rule 17d-1 thereunder prohibit an affiliated person of an investment company, acting as principal, from participating in or effecting any transaction in connection with any joint enterprise or joint arrangement in which the investment company participates, unless the Commission has issued an order authorizing the arrangement. Applicants state that each Investing Fund (by purchasing shares of the Cash Management Funds), each Adviser of an Investing Fund (by managing the assets of the Investing Funds invested in the Cash Management Funds), and each Cash Management Fund (by selling shares to and redeeming them from the Investing Funds) could be deemed to be participants in a joint enterprise or other joint arrangement within the meaning of section 17(d) of the Act and rule 17d-1 thereunder.

8. Rule 17d-1 permits the Commission to approve a proposed joint transaction covered by the terms of section 17(d) of the Act. In determining whether to approve a transaction, the Commission will consider whether the proposed transaction is consistent with the provisions, policies, and purposes of the Act, and the extent to which the participation is on a basis different from or less advantageous than that of other participants. Applicants submit that the proposed transactions meet these standards because the investments by the Investing Funds in shares of the Cash Management Funds will be on the same basis and will be indistinguishable from any other shareholder account maintained by the same class of the Cash Management Funds, and the transactions will be consistent with the Act.

Applicants' Conditions

Applicants agree that the order granting the requested relief shall be subject to the following conditions:

1. Shares of the Cash Management Funds sold to and redeemed by the Investing Funds will not be subject to a sales load, redemption fee, distribution fee adopted in accordance with rule 12b-1 under the Act, or service fee (as defined in rule 2830(b)(9) of the NASD Conduct Rules), or if such shares are subject to any such fee, the Adviser will waive its advisory fee for each Investing Fund in an amount that offsets the amount of such fees incurred by the Investing Fund.

2. Before the next meeting of the Board of an Investing Fund is held for purposes of voting on an advisory

contract under section 15 of the Act, the Adviser to the Investing Fund will provide the Board with specific information regarding the approximate cost to the Adviser of, or portion of the advisory fee under the existing advisory contract attributable to, managing the Uninvested Cash of the Investing Fund that can be expected to be invested in the Cash Management Funds. Before approving any advisory contract for an Investing Fund, the Board of the Investing Fund, including a majority of the Independent Trustees, shall consider to what extent, if any, the advisory fees charged to the Investing Fund by the Adviser should be reduced to account for reduced services provided to the Investing Fund by the Adviser as a result of Uninvested Cash being invested in the Cash Management Funds. The minute books of the Investing Fund will record fully the Board's considerations in approving the advisory contract, including the considerations relating to fees referred to above.

3. Each of the Investing Funds will invest Uninvested Cash in, and hold shares of, the Cash Management Funds only to the extent that the Investing Fund's aggregate investment of Uninvested Cash in the Cash Management Funds does not exceed 25 percent of the Investing Fund's total assets. For purposes of this limitation, each Investing Fund or series thereof will be treated as a separate investment company.

4. Investment of Cash Balances in shares of the Cash Management Funds will be in accordance with each Investing Fund's respective investment restrictions, if any, and will be consistent with each Investing Fund's policies as set forth in its prospectus and statement of additional information. No Investing Fund that relies on rule 2a-7 under the Act will invest in a Cash Management Fund that is not a Money Market Fund.

5. No Cash Management Fund shall acquire securities of any investment company in excess of the limits contained in section 12(d)(1)(A) of the Act.

6. Each Investing Fund and Cash Management Fund that may rely on the order shall be advised by the Adviser.

7. Before a Fund may participate in a Securities Lending Program, a majority of the Board, including a majority of the Independent Trustees, will approve the Fund's participation in the Securities Lending Program. Such trustees also will evaluate the securities lending arrangement and its results no less frequently than annually and determine that any investment of Cash Collateral

in the Cash Management Funds is in the best interests of the shareholders of the Fund.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, under delegated authority.

Jill M. Peterson,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 03-13769 Filed 6-2-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8010-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-47928; File No. SR-Amex-2003-26]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change by the American Stock Exchange LLC Relating to ETF and Index Options Subject to an Annual Minimum Guaranteed License Fee

May 27, 2003.

Pursuant to section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"),¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on April 14, 2003, the American Stock Exchange LLC ("Amex" or "Exchange"), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. On May 13, 2003, the Exchange filed Amendment No. 1 to the proposed rule change.³ On May 23, 2003, the Exchange filed Amendment No. 2 to the proposed rule change.⁴ The Exchange has designated this proposal as one establishing or changing a due, fee or other charge imposed by the self-regulatory organization under section 19(b)(3)(A)(ii) of the Act⁵ and Rule 19b-4(f)(2) thereunder,⁶ which renders the

proposed rule change effective upon filing with the Commission. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change, as amended, from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend its Options Fee Schedule to require specialist units that are allocated exchange-traded fund ("ETF") and/or index options subject to an annual minimum guaranteed license fee amount to pay the Exchange for non-reimbursed index license fees associated with such options. The text of the proposed rule change is available at the Office of the Secretary, Amex, and at the Commission.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange has entered into numerous agreements with issuers and owners of indexes for the purpose of trading options on ETFs and securities indexes. This requirement to pay an index license fee to third parties is a condition to the listing and trading of these index-based options. In many cases, the Exchange is required to pay a significant licensing fee to issuers or index owners, which may not be reimbursed. In an effort to recoup the costs associated with index licenses, the Exchange previously established a licensing fee for specialists and registered options traders ("ROT's") that is collected on every transaction in designated products in which a specialist and ROT is a party.⁷ The licensing fee currently imposed on

specialists and ROTs is as follows: (1) \$0.10 per contract side for options on the Nasdaq-100 Index Tracking Stock (QQQ), the Nasdaq-100 Index (NDX), the Mini-NDX (MNX) and the iShares Goldman Sachs Corporate Bond Fund (LQD); (2) \$0.09 per contract side for options on the iShares Cohen & Steers Realty Majors Index Fund (ICF) and (3) \$0.05 per contract side for options on the S&P 100 iShares (OEF).

The Exchange represents that several index license providers have recently suggested that an annual guaranteed license fee be considered for the right to use an index regardless of the volume of trading of the particular ETF option or index option. Although the Exchange to date has not entered into a significant guaranteed license fee arrangement, it is expected that this practice will become more common in the future.

Accordingly, the Amex represents that the Exchange's current licensing fee (as detailed above) based on the trading volume of the particular ETF option and/or index option may not provide the Exchange with sufficient revenue for it to be able to recoup annual index licensing fees.

As a result, the Exchange proposes to amend its Options Fee Schedule to require specialists allocated ETF and index options to pay, on an annual basis, any non-reimbursed costs of the Exchange resulting from index license agreements that are subject to a recurring annual guaranteed licensing fee. The Exchange represents that any payment made by specialists to the Exchange pursuant to this filing would reflect only actual non-reimbursed costs of the Exchange in connection with the trading of the allocated ETF and/or index option, which are not offset by any other fees imposed by the Exchange (such as the per contract license fee noted above). The Exchange further submits that it will inform specialists that may wish to be allocated ETF options and index options that they may be subject to annual index license fees, and that such fees may be separate and additional from any per contract license fee that may also be charged to the specialist and ROT in connection with the trading of such product.

The Exchange believes that it is reasonable for it to recoup non-reimbursed expenses on an annual basis, that are directly associated with index license agreements that are subject to an annual guaranteed licensing fee. The Exchange submits that the existence of non-reimbursed actual costs associated with guaranteed index license fee arrangements would trigger the requirement that the specialist pay the non-reimbursed index

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

³ See letter from Jeffrey P. Burns, Associate General Counsel, Amex, to John S. Polise, Senior Special Counsel, Division of Market Regulation ("Division"), Commission, dated May 9, 2003 ("Amendment No. 1"). In Amendment No. 1, the Exchange replaced the proposed rule text in its entirety.

⁴ See letter from Jeffrey P. Burns, Associate General Counsel, Amex, to John S. Polise, Senior Special Counsel, Division of Market Regulation, dated May 22, 2003 ("Amendment No. 2"). In Amendment No. 2, the Exchange replaced Amendment No. 1 in its entirety. For purposes of calculating the 60-day period within which the Commission may summarily abrogate the proposed rule change under Section 19(b)(3)(C) of the Act, the Commission considers the period to commence on May 23, 2003, the date the Exchange filed Amendment No. 2. See 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(C).

⁵ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(ii).

⁶ 17 C.F.R. 240.19b-4(f)(2).

⁷ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 45163 (December 18, 2001), 66 FR 66958 (December 27, 2001).