

NAICS	SIC	Survey title
MA334S	MA38R	Electromedical Equipment.

The following list of surveys represents annual counterparts of monthly and quarterly surveys and will cover only those establishments that are

not canvassed, or do not report, in the more frequent surveys. Accordingly, there will be no duplication in reporting. The content of these annual

reports will be identical with that of the monthly and quarterly reports.

NAICS	SIC	Survey title
M311H	M20H	Animal and Vegetable Fats and Oils (Stocks).
M311J	M20J	Oilseeds, Beans, and Nuts (Primary Producers).
M311L	M20L	Fats and Oils (Renderers).
M311M	M20M	Animal and Vegetables Fats and Oils (Consumption and Stocks).
M311N	M20N	Animal and Vegetables Fats and Oils (Production, Consumption, & Stock).
M313P	M22P	Consumption on the Cotton System.
M327G	M32G	Glass Containers.
M331D	M33D	Aluminum Producers and Importers.
M331J	M33J	Inventories of Steel Producing Mills.
M336G	M37G	Civil Aircraft and Aircraft Engines.
M336L	M37L	Truck Trailers.
MQ311A	MQ20A	Flour Milling Products.
MQ313D	MQ22D	Consumption on the Woolen System and Worsted Combing.
MQ313T	MQ22T	Broadwoven Fabrics (Gray).
MQ315A	MQ23A	Apparel (short form).
MQ314X	MQ23X	Sheets, Pillowcases, and Towels.
MQ327D	MQ32D	Clay Construction Products.
MQ332E	MQ34E	Plumbing Fixtures.
MQ333W	MQ35W	Metalworking Machinery.
MQ335C	MQ36C	Fluorescent Lamp Ballasts.

Annual Survey of Manufactures

The Annual Survey of Manufactures collects industry statistics, such as total value of shipments, employment, payroll, workers' hours, capital expenditures, cost of materials consumed, supplemental labor costs, and so forth. This survey, while conducted on a sample basis, covers all manufacturing industries, including data on plants under construction but not yet in operation.

In accordance with the PRA, Public Law 104-13, OMB has approved this survey under OMB Control Number 0607-0449. We will provide copies of the form upon written request to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-0001.

Survey of Industrial Research and Development

The Survey of Industrial Research and Development measures spending on research and development activities in private U.S. businesses. The Census Bureau collects and compiles this information with funding from the National Science Foundation (NSF). The NSF publishes the results in its publication series. Four data items in the survey provide interim statistics collected in the Census Bureau's economic censuses. These items (total company sales, total company employment, total expenditures, and

federally-funded expenditures for research and development conducted within the company) are collected on a mandatory basis under the authority of Title 13. Responses to all other data collected for the NSF are voluntary.

In accordance with the PRA, Public Law 104-13, OMB has approved this survey under OMB Control Number 3145-0027. We will provide copies of the form upon written request to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-0001.

Survey of Plant Capacity Utilization

The Survey of Plant Capacity Utilization is designed to measure the use of industrial capacity. The survey collects information on actual output and estimates of potential output in terms of value of production. These data are the basis for calculating rates of utilization of full production capability and use of production capability under national emergency conditions.

In accordance with the PRA, Public Law 104-13, OMB has approved this survey under OMB Control Number 0607-0175. We will provide copies of the form upon written request to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-0001. I have, therefore, directed that these annual surveys be conducted for the purpose of collecting the data as described.

Dated: February 8, 1999.

Kenneth Prewitt,

Director, Bureau of the Census.

[FR Doc. 99-4873 Filed 2-26-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-07-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Notice of Initiation of Five-Year ("Sunset") Reviews

SUMMARY: In accordance with section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), the Department of Commerce ("the Department") is automatically initiating five-year ("sunset") reviews of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders listed below. The International Trade Commission ("the Commission") is publishing concurrently with this notice its notices of *Institution of Five-Year Reviews* covering these same orders.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Melissa G. Skinner, Scott E. Smith, or Martha V. Douthit, Office of Policy, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, at (202) 482-1560, (202) 482-6397 or (202) 482-3207, respectively, or Vera Libeau, Office of

Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, at (202) 205-3176.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Initiation of Reviews

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.218 (see *Procedures for Conducting Five-year ("Sunset") Reviews of*

Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders, 63 FR 13516 (March 20, 1998)), we are initiating sunset reviews of the following antidumping and countervailing duty orders:

DOC Case No.	ITC Case No.	Country	Product
A-831-801	A-340	Armenia	Solid Urea.
A-832-801	A-340	Azerbaijan	Solid Urea.
A-822-801	A-340	Belarus	Solid Urea.
A-447-801	A-340	Estonia	Solid Urea.
A-833-801	A-340	Georgia	Solid Urea.
A-834-801	A-340	Kazakhstan	Solid Urea.
A-835-801	A-340	Kyrgyzstan	Solid Urea.
A-449-801	A-340	Latvia	Solid Urea.
A-451-801	A-340	Lithuania	Solid Urea.
A-841-801	A-340	Moldova	Solid Urea.
A-485-601	A-340	Romania	Solid Urea.
A-821-801	A-340	Russia	Solid Urea.
A-842-801	A-340	Tajikistan	Solid Urea.
A-843-801	A-340	Turkmenistan	Solid Urea.
A-823-801	A-340	Ukraine	Solid Urea.
A-844-801	A-340	Uzbekistan	Solid Urea.
C-508-605	C-286	Israel	Industrial Phosphoric Acid.
A-508-604	A-366	Israel	Industrial Phosphoric Acid.
A-423-602	A-365	Belgium	Industrial Phosphoric Acid.
A-489-602	A-364	Turkey	Aspirin.
A-122-605	A-367	Canada	Color Picture Tubes.
A-588-609	A-368	Japan	Color Picture Tubes.
A-580-605	A-369	Korea (South)	Color Picture Tubes.
A-559-601	A-370	Singapore	Color Picture Tubes.

Statute and Regulations

Pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752 of the Act, an antidumping ("AD") or countervailing duty ("CVD") order will be revoked, or the suspended investigation will be terminated, unless revocation or termination would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of (1) dumping or a countervailable subsidy, and (2) material injury to the domestic industry.

The Department's procedures for the conduct of sunset reviews are set forth in *Procedures for Conducting Five-year ("Sunset") Reviews of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders*, 63 FR 13516 (March 20, 1998) ("*Sunset Regulations*"). Guidance on methodological or analytical issues relevant to the Department's conduct of sunset reviews is set forth in the Department's Policy Bulletin 98:3—*Policies Regarding the Conduct of Five-year ("Sunset") Reviews of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders*; Policy Bulletin, 63 FR 18871 (April 16, 1998) ("*Sunset Policy Bulletin*").

Filing Information:

As a courtesy, we are making information related to sunset proceedings, including copies of the *Sunset Regulations* and *Sunset Policy Bulletin*, the Department's schedule of sunset reviews, case history information

(e.g., previous margins, duty absorption determinations, scope language, import volumes), and service lists, available to the public on the Department's sunset internet website at the following address: "<http://www.ita.doc.gov/import-admin/records/sunset/>".

All submissions in the sunset review must be filed in accordance with the Department's regulations regarding format, translation, service, and certification of documents. These rules can be found at 19 CFR 351.303 (1998). Also, we suggest that parties check the Department's sunset website for any updates to the service list before filing any submissions. We ask that parties notify the Department in writing of any additions or corrections to the list. We also would appreciate written notification if you no longer represent a party on the service list.

Because deadlines in a sunset review are, in many instances, very short, we urge interested parties to apply for access to proprietary information under administrative protective order ("APO") immediately following publication in the **Federal Register** of the notice of initiation of the sunset review. The Department's regulations on submission of proprietary information and eligibility to receive access to business proprietary information under APO can be found at 19 CFR 351.304-306 (see *Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Administrative Protective*

Order Procedures; Procedures for Imposing Sanctions for Violation of a Protective Order, 63 FR 24391 (May 4, 1998)).

Information Required from Interested Parties:

Domestic interested parties (defined in 19 CFR 351.102 (1998)) wishing to participate in the sunset review must respond not later than 15 days after the date of publication in the **Federal Register** of the notice of initiation by filing a notice of intent to participate. The required contents of the notice of intent to participate are set forth in the *Sunset Regulations* at 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(ii). In accordance with the *Sunset Regulations*, if we do not receive a notice of intent to participate from at least one domestic interested party by the 15-day deadline, the Department will automatically revoke the order without further review.

If we receive a notice of intent to participate from a domestic interested party, the *Sunset Regulations* provide that *all parties* wishing to participate in the sunset review must file substantive responses not later than 30 days after the date of publication in the **Federal Register** of the notice of initiation. The required contents of a substantive response are set forth in the *Sunset Regulations* at 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3). Note that certain information requirements differ for foreign and

domestic parties. Also, note that the Department's information requirements are distinct from the International Trade Commission's information requirements. Please consult the *Sunset Regulations* for information regarding the Department's conduct of sunset reviews.¹ Please consult the Department's regulations at 19 CFR part 351 (1998) for definitions of terms and for other general information concerning antidumping and countervailing duty proceedings at the Department.

This notice of initiation is being published in accordance with section 751(c) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(c).

Dated: February 23, 1999.

Holly A. Kuga,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 99-5023 Filed 2-26-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-846]

Brake Rotors From the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty New Shipper Administrative Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On September 29, 1998, the U.S. Department of Commerce published the preliminary results of the new shipper administrative review of the antidumping duty order on brake rotors from the People's Republic of China ("PRC") ("*preliminary results*") (63 FR 51895). This review covers six exporters¹ of the subject merchandise to the United States. The period of review is April 1, 1997, through September 30, 1997. We gave interested parties an opportunity to comment on our preliminary results.

We have determined that U.S. sales of brake rotors have not been made below the normal value, and we will instruct the U.S. Customs Service not to assess

antidumping duties for the six PRC exporters subject to this review.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 1, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Brian C. Smith or Barbara Wojcik-Betancourt, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482-1766 or (202) 482-0629, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act ("URAA"). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the U.S. Department of Commerce ("the Department") regulations are to the regulations at 19 CFR part 351 (1998).

Background

On September 29, 1998, the Department published in the **Federal Register** the preliminary results of its new shipper administrative review of the antidumping duty order on brake rotors from the PRC (*see preliminary results*). In October and November 1998, the Department conducted verification of the questionnaire responses of the six respondents. On November 10, 1998, the Department published in the **Federal Register** a notice of postponement of the final results until no later than February 23, 1999 (63 FR 63025). On December 1, 1998, the petitioner² withdrew its request for a hearing in this proceeding. Since the six respondents never requested a hearing and the petitioner withdrew its original request for one, no hearing was held in this case. From December 4, 1998, through January 7, 1999, the Department issued its verification reports. On January 21, 1999, the petitioner submitted its case brief. CNIM, LABEF, Haimeng, GREN, Winhere, and ZLAP (hereafter referred to as the six respondents) did not submit case briefs. On January 28, 1999, the six respondents submitted rebuttal briefs.

Scope of Order

The products covered by this review are brake rotors made of gray cast iron, whether finished, semifinished, or unfinished, ranging in diameter from 8 to 16 inches (20.32 to 40.64 centimeters) and in weight from 8 to 45 pounds (3.63 to 20.41 kilograms). The size parameters

(weight and dimension) of the brake rotors limit their use to the following types of motor vehicles: automobiles, all-terrain vehicles, vans and recreational vehicles under "one ton and a half," and light trucks designated as "one ton and a half."

Finished brake rotors are those that are ready for sale and installation without any further operations. Semi-finished rotors are those on which the surface is not entirely smooth, and have undergone some drilling. Unfinished rotors are those which have undergone some grinding or turning.

These brake rotors are for motor vehicles, and do not contain in the casting a logo of an original equipment manufacturer ("OEM") which produces vehicles sold in the United States (e.g., General Motors, Ford, Chrysler, Honda, Toyota, Volvo). Brake rotors covered in this investigation are not certified by OEM producers of vehicles sold in the United States. The scope also includes composite brake rotors that are made of gray cast iron, which contain a steel plate, but otherwise meet the above criteria. Excluded from the scope of the review are brake rotors made of gray cast iron, whether finished, semifinished, or unfinished, with a diameter less than 8 inches or greater than 16 inches (less than 20.32 centimeters or greater than 40.64 centimeters) and a weight less than 8 pounds or greater than 45 pounds (less than 3.63 kilograms or greater than 20.41 kilograms).

Brake rotors are classifiable under subheading 8708.39.5010 of the HTSUS. Although the HTSUS subheading is provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this review is dispositive.

Period of Review

The period of review ("POR") covers the period April 1, 1997, through September 30, 1997.

Separate Rates

In proceedings involving non-market-economy ("NME") countries, the Department begins with a rebuttable presumption that all companies within the country are subject to government control and thus should be assessed a single antidumping duty deposit rate. One of the respondents, Winhere, is located in the PRC and is wholly-owned by private individuals. Two respondents (*i.e.*, Haimeng, ZLAP) are joint ventures between PRC and foreign companies. The three other respondents are either wholly owned by all the people (*i.e.*, CNIM) or collectively owned (*i.e.*, GREN, LABEF). Thus, for all six respondents, a separate rates analysis is

¹ A number of parties commented that these interim-final regulations provided insufficient time for rebuttals to substantive responses to a notice of initiation (Sunset Regulations, 19 CFR 351.218(d)(4)). As provided in 19 CFR 351.302(b) (1998), the Department will consider individual requests for extension of that five-day deadline based upon a showing of good cause.

² The six exporters are China National Machinery Import & Export Company (CNIM), Laizhou Auto Brake Equipments Factory (LABEF), Longkou Haimeng Machinery Co., Ltd. (Haimeng), Qingdao GREN Co. (GREN), Yantai Winhere Auto-Part Manufacturing Co., Ltd. (Winhere), and Zibo Luzhou Automobile Parts Co., Ltd. (ZLAP).

² The petitioner is the Coalition for the Preservation of American Brake Drum and Rotor Aftermarket Manufacturers.