Excluded from the scope of the order are the following: (1) all other species of mushroom, including straw mushrooms; (2) all fresh and chilled mushrooms, including "refrigerated" or "quick blanched mushrooms"; (3) dried mushrooms; (4) frozen mushrooms; and (5) "marinated," "acidified" or "pickled" mushrooms, which are prepared or preserved by means of vinegar or acetic acid, but may contain oil or other additives.

The merchandise subject to this order is classifiable under subheadings 2003.10.0027, 2003.10.0031, 2003.10.0037, 2003.10.0043, 2003.10.0047, 2003.10.0053, and 0711.90.4000 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTS"). Although the HTS subheadings are provided for convenience and Customs purposes, the written description of the

merchandise under investigation is dispositive.

Antidumping Duty Order

On February 12, 1999, in accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) notified the Department that a U.S. industry is materially injured by reason of imports of certain preserved mushrooms from India, pursuant to section 735(b)(1)(A) of the Act. Therefore, in accordance with section 736(a)(1) of the Act, the Department will direct the United States Customs Service to assess, upon further advice by the Department, antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the normal value of the merchandise exceeds the export price and constructed export price of the merchandise for all relevant entries of

certain preserved mushrooms from India. These antidumping duties will be assessed on all unliquidated entries of all imports of subject merchandise that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after August 5, 1998, the date of publication of the preliminary determination in the **Federal Register**.

On or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, Customs officers must require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties, the cash deposits listed below for the subject merchandise. The All Others rate applies to all exporters of subject merchandise not specifically listed below.

The revised final weighted-average dumping margins are as follows:

Exporter/manufacturer	Original final margin Per- centage	Revised final margin per- centage
Agro Dutch Foods Ltd.	6.28	6.28
Ponds (India) Ltd.	14.19	14.91
Alpine Biotech Ltd.	243.87	243.87
Mandeep Mushrooms Ltd.	243.87	243.87
All Others	10.87	11.30

This notice constitutes the antidumping duty order with respect to certain preserved mushrooms from India, pursuant to section 736(a) of the Act. Interested parties may contact the Central Records Unit, Room B–099 of the Main Commerce Building, for copies of an updated list of antidumping duty orders currently in effect.

This order is published in accordance with section 736(a) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.211.

Dated: February 16, 1999.

Richard W. Moreland,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 99–4201 Filed 2–18–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-601]

Tapered Roller Bearings and Parts Thereof, Finished and Unfinished, from the People's Republic of China; initiation of new shipper antidumping duty administrative review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. **ACTION:** Notice of initiation of new shipper antidumping duty administrative review.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce has received two requests to conduct a new shipper administrative review of the antidumping duty order on tapered roller bearings and parts thereof, finished and unfinished, from the People's Republic of China. In accordance with section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and 19 CFR 351.214(d), we are initiating this administrative review.

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 19, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Zak Smith or James Breeden, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone (202) 482–0189 or (202) 482–1174, respectively.

Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the regulations of the Department of

Commerce ("the Department") are to the current regulations codified at 19 CFR Part 351(1998).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On November 30 and December 30, 1998, the Department received requests from Zhejiang Changshan Changhe Bearing Co. ("ZCCBC") and Weihai Machinery Holding (Group) Corp. Ltd. ("Weihai"), respectively, pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Act, and in accordance with 19 CFR 351.214(b), for a new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on tapered roller bearings and parts thereof, finished and unfinished, ("TRBs") from the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). This order has a December semiannual anniversary month. Accordingly, we are initiating a new shipper review for ZCCBC and Weihai as requested. The period of review is June 1, 1998 through November 30, 1998.

Initiation of Review

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.214(b)(2) ZCCBC and Weihai provided certification that they did not export subject merchandise to the United States during the period of investigation; certification that, since the investigation was initiated, they have never been affiliated with any

exporter or producer who exported the subject merchandise to the United States during the period of investigation, including those not individually examined during the investigation; certification that their export activities are not controlled by the central government; documentation establishing: (i) The date on which their TRBs were first entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption, or if the exporter or producer could not establish the date of first entry, the date on which they first shipped the subject merchandise for export to the United States; (ii) the volume of that and subsequent shipments; and (iii) the date of the first sale to an unaffiliated customer in the United States. Therefore, in accordance with section 751(a)(2)(B)(ii) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.214(d)(1), we are initiating a new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on TRBs from the PRC. We intend to issue the final results of this review not later than 270 days after the day on which this new shipper review is initiated.

We will instruct the Customs Service to allow, at the option of the importer, the posting, until the completion of the review, of a bond or security in lieu of a cash deposit for each entry of the merchandise exported by the above listed companies, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.214(e). Interested parties must submit applications for disclosure under administrative protective orders in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305 and 351.306.

This initiation and notice are in accordance with section 751(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)) and 19 CFR 351.214 and 351.221(c)(1)(i).

Dated: February 12, 1999.

Richard W. Moreland,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 99–4195 Filed 2–18–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[C-351-829]

Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Alignment of Final Countervailing Duty Determination With Final Antidumping Duty Determination: Certain Hot-Rolled Flat-Rolled Carbon-Quality Steel Products From Brazil

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. EFFECTIVE DATE: February 19, 1999. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kathleen Lockard or Javier Barrientos, Office of CVD/AD Enforcement VI, Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 4012, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone (202) 482–2786.

Preliminary Determination

The Department of Commerce (the Department) preliminarily determines that countervailable subsidies are being provided to Companhia Siderugica Nacional (CSN), Usinas Siderugicas de Minas Gerais (USIMINAS) and Companhia Siderurgica Paulista (COSIPA) producers and exporters of certain hot-rolled flat-rolled carbonquality steel products from Brazil. For information on the estimated countervailing duty rates, please see the "Suspension of Liquidation" section of this notice.

Petitioners

The petition in this investigation was filed by Bethlehem Steel Corporation, U.S. Steel Group, a unit of USX Corporation, Ispat Inland Steel, LTV Steel Company, Inc., National Steel Corporation, California Steel Industries, Gallatin Steel Company, Geneva Steel, Gulf States Steel Inc., IPSCO Steel Inc., Steel Dynamics, Weirton Steel Corporation, Independent Steelworkers Union, and United Steelworkers of America (the petitioners).

Case History

Since the publication of the notice of initiation in the Federal Register, the following events have occurred. See Notice of Initiation of Countervailing Duty Investigation: Certain Hot-Rolled Flat-Rolled Carbon-Quality Steel Products from Brazil, 63 FR 56623 (October 22, 1998) (Initiation Notice). On October 19, 1998 we issued countervailing duty questionnaires to the Government of Brazil (GOB) and the producers/exporters of the subject merchandise. We issued supplemental countervailing duty questionnaires on November 10 and December 17, 1998, and January 26, 1999. We received responses to these questionnaires on December 7, 1998, January 6, 1999, January 12, 1999, and February 8, 1999.

On November 12, 1998, Petitioners alleged an additional subsidy that was not included in the petition. On December 8, 1998 we initiated on this program. See "Memorandum to Holly Kuga, Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for AD/CVD Enforcement II, Regarding Petitioners' Allegations," a public document on file in the Central Records

Unit, Room B-099 of the Main Commerce Building (CRU).

On December 1, 1998, we deemed this investigation extraordinarily complicated and postponed the preliminary determination to no later than January 25, 1998. See Hot-Rolled Flat-Rolled Carbon-Quality Steel Products from Brazil: Postponement of Time Limit for Countervailing Duty Investigation, 63 FR 67459 (December 7, 1998). On January 22, 1999, we determined that additional time was necessary to make the preliminary determination and further postponed the preliminary determination to no later than February 12, 1999. See Hot-Rolled Flat-Rolled Carbon-Quality Steel Products from Brazil: Postponement of Time Limit for Countervailing Duty Investigation, 64 FR 4638 (January 29, 1999).

The Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act effective January 1, 1995 (the Act). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the regulations as codified at 19 CFR 351 and published in the **Federal Register** on May 19, 1997 (62 FR 27295).

Scope of Investigation

For purposes of this investigation, the products covered are certain hot-rolled flat-rolled carbon-quality steel products of a rectangular shape, of a width of 0.5 inch or greater, neither clad, plated, nor coated with metal and whether or not painted, varnished, or coated with plastics or other non-metallic substances, in coils (whether or not in successively superimposed layers) regardless of thickness, and in straight lengths, of a thickness less than 4.75 mm and of a width measuring at least 10 times the thickness. Universal mill plate (i.e., flat-rolled products rolled on four faces or in a closed box pass, of a width exceeding 150 mm but not exceeding 1250 mm and of a thickness of not less than 4 mm, not in coils and without patterns in relief) of a thickness not less than 4.0 mm is not included within the scope of these investigations.

Specifically included in this scope are vacuum degassed, fully stabilized (commonly referred to as interstitial-free ("IF")) steels, high strength low alloy ("HSLA") steels, and the substrate for motor lamination steels. IF steels are recognized as low carbon steels with micro-alloying levels of elements such as titanium and/or niobium added to stabilize carbon and nitrogen elements.