

Director, Office of Export Enforcement, I have decided to deny McKeeve permission to apply for or use any license, including any License Exception, issued pursuant to, or provided by, the Act and the Regulations, for a period of 10 years from the date of his conviction. The 10-year period ends on August 22, 2006. I have also decided to revoke all licenses issued pursuant to the Act in which McKeeve had an interest at the time of his conviction.

Accordingly, it is hereby *Ordered*

I. Until August 22, 2006, David McKeeve, 35A Kevlinside Gardens, Glasgow, Scotland, and currently incarcerated at FCI Fort Dix, P.O. Box 7000, Unit 5812, Fort Dix, New Jersey 08640, may not, directly or indirectly, participate in any way, in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as "item") exported or to be exported from the United States, that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations, including but not limited to:

A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, License Exception, or export control document;

B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering, storing, disposing of, forwarding, transporting, financing, or otherwise servicing in any way, any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations; or

C. Benefiting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations.

II. No person may directly or indirectly, do any of the following:

A. Export or reexport to or on behalf of the denied person any item subject to the Regulations;

B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by the denied person of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby the denied person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;

C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from the denied person of any item subject to the Regulations that has been exported from the United States;

D. Obtain from the denied person in the United States any item subject to the Regulations with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or

E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States and which is owned, possessed or controlled by the denied person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by the denied person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

III. After notice and opportunity for comment as provided in Section 766.23 of the Regulations, any person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to McKeeve by affiliation, ownership, control, or position of responsibility in the conduct of trade or related services may also be subject to the provisions of this Order.

IV. This Order does not prohibit any export, reexport, or other transaction subject to the Regulations where the only items involved that are subject to the Regulations are the foreign-produced direct product of U.S.-origin technology.

V. This Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect until August 22, 2006.

VI. A copy of this Order shall be delivered to McKeeve. This Order shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: June 10, 1997.

**Eileen M. Albanese,**

*Director, Office of Exporter Services.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### Bureau of Export Administration

#### **McNeil International, 10 Eglinton Circle, Edinburgh, Scotland EH12 5DE; Order Denying Permission to Apply For or Use Export Licenses**

On August 22, 1996, McNeil International was convicted in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts of violating the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C.A. §§ 1701-1706 (1991 & Supp. 1997)) (IEEPA). McNeil International was convicted of knowingly and willfully exporting, reexporting, diverting, and transshipping computers and related equipment to Libya, in violation of the embargo against Libya.

Section 11(h) of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (50 U.S.C.A. app. §§ 2401-2420 (1991 &

Supp. 1997)) (the Act),<sup>1</sup> provides that, at the discretion of the Secretary of Commerce,<sup>2</sup> no person convicted of violating IEEPA, or certain other provisions of the United States Code, shall be eligible to apply for or use any license, including any License Exception, issued pursuant to, or provided by, the Act or the Export Administration Regulation (61 FR 12734-13041, March 25, 1996, to be codified at 15 CFR Parts 730-774) (the Regulations), for a period of up to 10 years from the date of the conviction. In addition, any license issued pursuant to the Act in which such a person had any interest at the time of conviction may be revoked.

Pursuant to Sections 766.25 and 750.8(a) of the Regulations, upon notification that a person has been convicted of violating IEEPA, the Director, Office of Exporter Services, in consultation with the Director, Office of Export Enforcement, shall determine whether to deny that person permission to apply for or use any license, including any License Exception, issued pursuant to, or provided by, the Act and the Regulations, and shall also determine whether to revoke any license previously issued to such a person.

Having received notice of McNeil International's conviction for violating IEEPA and following consultations with the Acting Director, Office of Export Enforcement, I have decided to deny McNeil International permission to apply for or use any license, including any License Exception, issued pursuant to, or provided by, the Act and the Regulations, for a period of 10 years from the date of this conviction. The 10-year period ends on August 22, 2006. I have also decided to revoke all licenses issued pursuant to the Act in which McNeil International had an interest at the time of its conviction.

Accordingly, it is hereby

#### **Ordered**

I. Until August 22, 2006, McNeil International, 10 Eglinton Circle, Edinburgh, Scotland EH12 5DE, may not, directly or indirectly, participate in any way, in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as

<sup>1</sup> The Act expired on August 20, 1994. Executive Order 12924 (3 CFR, 1994 Comp. 917 (1995)), extended by Presidential Notices of August 15, 1995 (3 CFR, 1995 Comp. 501 (1996)) and August 14, 1996 (61 FR 42527, August 15, 1996), continued the Export Administration Regulations in effect under IEEPA.

<sup>2</sup> Pursuant to appropriate delegations of authority, the Director, Office of Exporter Services, in consultation with the Director, Office of Export Enforcement, exercises the authority granted to the Secretary by Section 11(h) of the Act.

"item") exported or to be exported from the United States, that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations, including but not limited to:

A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, License Exception, or export control document;

B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering, storing, disposing of, forwarding, transporting, financing, or otherwise servicing in any way, any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations; or

C. Benefiting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations.

II. No person may directly or indirectly, do any of the following:

A. Export or reexport to or on behalf of the denied person any item subject to the Regulations;

B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by the denied person of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby the denied person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;

C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from the denied person of any item subject to the Regulations that has been exported from the United States;

D. Obtained from the denied person in the United States any item subject to the Regulations with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or

E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States and which is owned, possessed or controlled by the denied person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by the denied person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

III. After notice and opportunity for comment as provided in Section 766.23 of the Regulations, any person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to McNeil International by affiliation, ownership, control, or position of responsibility in the conduct of trade or related services may also be subject to the provisions of this Order.

IV. This Order does not prohibit any export, reexport, or other transaction subject to the Regulations where the only items involved that are subject to the Regulations are the foreign-produced direct product of U.S.-origin technology.

V. This Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect until August 22, 2006.

VI. A copy of this Order shall be delivered to McNeil International. This Order shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: June 10, 1997.

**Eileen M. Albanese,**

*Director, Office of Exporter Services.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-580-815, A-580-816]

#### Notice of Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews: Certain Cold-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products From Korea; Certain Corrosion-Resistant Carbon Steel Flat Products from Korea

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of amendment to final results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review.

**SUMMARY:** On April 15, 1997, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published the final results of its administrative review of the antidumping duty order on certain cold-rolled carbon steel flat products from Korea, and certain corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Korea (62 FR 18404). The period of review (POR) is August 1, 1994, through July 31, 1995. On April 23, 1997, Pohang Iron and Steel Co., Ltd. (POSCO) alleged, in a timely fashion, that the Department had made six ministerial errors with respect to the final results for POSCO and the companies collapsed with POSCO (Pohang Coated Steel Co., Ltd. (POCOS) and Pohang Steel Industries Co., Ltd. (PSI)), collectively

referred to below as the POSCO Group. POSCO therefore requested that we amend the final results of the review as published on April 15, 1997. On April 30, 1997, petitioners asserted that none of the issues raised by POSCO in its April 23, 1997, submission constituted ministerial errors.

The Department has determined that one of the alleged errors is in fact a ministerial error. We have corrected the error in question and recalculated the dumping margins for the POSCO Group. The margin for cold-rolled products has changed from 0.54 percent to 0.49 percent, and the margin for corrosion-resistant products remains at 0.09 percent.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** June 20, 1997.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Steve Bezirgianian or Alain Letort, AD/CVD Enforcement Group III—Office 8, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230, telephone 202/482-1395 (Bezirgianian) or 202/482-4243 (Letort), fax 202/482-1388.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act) by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the current regulations, as amended by the interim regulations published in the **Federal Register** on May 11, 1995 (60 FR 25130).

### Background

On April 15, 1997, the Department published the final results of its administrative reviews of the antidumping duty orders on certain cold-rolled and corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Korea, for the period August 1, 1994 through July 31, 1995 (62 FR 18404). The reviews covered shipments of the merchandise from Korea by the POSCO Group that entered the United States during the period August 1, 1994 through July 31, 1995.

Subsequent to the publication of the final results, POSCO alleged, in a timely fashion, that the Department had made six ministerial errors with respect to the final results for the POSCO Group. POSCO therefore requested that we amend the final results of the review as published on April 15, 1997. Petitioners